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wonal Symposium on **Multifunctional** and lly Graded Materials

September 2010















# Monday, 27<sup>th</sup> September 2010 (AFTERNOON)

14h	Plenary Lecture (Auditorium)  E. Fortunato — Multifunctional oxide materials  Universidade Nova de Lisboa, CENIMAT — Portugal					
	AUDITORIUM	ROOM S1		ROOM S2		
	SESSION A3 – Chair: Ryuzo Watanabe; Ana Maria Pinto	SESSION B3 — Chair: Akira Kawasaki		SESSION C3 – Chair: Rosa Miranda; Alexandre Velhinho		
15h	Carbon nanotube-reinforced aluminium matrix composites by combined process of SPS pre-sintering and hot extrusion A. Kawasaki, H. Kwon	FGM thermal barrier coatings under hot burner testing M. Gasik, A. Kawasaki		Influence of roving linear density and reinforcement structural density in textile reinforced concrete performance C. Gonilho-Pereira, R. Fangueiro, P. Pina Marques, M. Araújo		
15h20	Optimum conditions for the compaction of compositionally graded powder stack <u>R. Watanabe</u> , CH. Yeh, A. Kawasaki	Rear earth silicate based environmental barrier coating on silicon nitride ceramic  Z. Negahdari, <u>S. Pontiller</u> , M. Willert-Porada		Self-monitoring composite rods: properties assessment  C. Gonilho-Pereira, R. Fangueiro, K. Rosado, S. Lanceros-Mendez		
15h40	Processing and shear stress evaluation of functionally graded composites with different gradient profiles O.Carvalho, D. Soares, F.S. Silva	Analysis of ceramic/metal functionally graded thermal barrier coatings in service  SY. Yang, QJ. Zhang, PC. Zhai, LS. Liu		Producing FGMs by FSP – a preliminary study R.M. Miranda, J. Gandra, A. Velhinho, P. Vilaça, J. Pamies Teixeira		
16h-16h20	Coffee Break					
	ROOM S1		ROOM 52			
	SESSION B4 — Chair: <i>Zahra Negahdari</i>		SESSION C4 – Chair: Eduardo Salz			
16h40	Design and Joining of graphite to copper by a simple direct casting technology  Z. Zhou, Z. Zhong, X. Cui, C. Ge		Mechanical performance of graded metal ceramic interfaces obtained by powder metallurgy  B. Henriques, D. Soares, F. Silva			
17h	Development of tungsten coatings used as plasma facing materials for fusion reactor S.Q. Guo, Z.J. Zhou, S.X. Song, C.C. Ge, Y.B. Feng		Sintering strategy for defect-free BTS2.5/BTS5/BTS7/BTS10 functionally graded materials			
17h20	Strong magnetic field induced preparation of graded materials <u>Z. Sun,</u> M. Guo, J. Vleugels, B. Blanpain, O. Van der Blest		S. Iviarkovic, S.D. Skapin, I. Balać, I	P.S. Uskoković, D. Suvorov, D. Uskoković		
18h	Guided Tour to the Historical Town of Guimarães (Departure: Centro Cultural Vila Fior; Arrival: Paço dos Duques de Bragança)					
1011		Port Wine Party (Paço dos Duques de Bragança – Building from the XV Century)				



## Tuesday, 28<sup>th</sup> September (MORNING)

9h	E. Salz — Bio-inspired hybrid compos	rre (Auditorium) ites with complex hierarchical structures Dep. of Materials - UK	
	ROOM S1	ROOM S2	
	SESSION B5 – Chair: <i>Emilio Silva</i>	SESSION C5 - Chair: Chang-Chun Ge	
10h	Functionally graded viscoelastic pavement analysis with stress-dependent substrate, Part-i: Theory and development E.V. Dave, K. Park, G.H. Paulino, W.G. Buttlar	Study of strength and toughness in Japanese sword produced by Tamahagane steel by Tatara process  M. Yaso, T. Takalwa, Y. Minagi, T. Kanaizumi, K. Kubota, Y. Noda, A.K. Das, S. Morito, T. Ohba	
10h20	Functionally graded viscoelastic pavement analysis with stress-dependent substrate, Part-II: Applications <u>E.V. Dave</u> , K. Park, W.G. Buttlar, G.H. Paulino	Micro-wire interface debonding and toughening of metal-ceramic matrix composites with inter-penetrating structures by spontaneous infiltration  J.M. Vieira, M.X. Gao, X.S. Yi, Y. Pan, F.J. Oliveira, J.L. Baptista	
10h40		Fabrication and interface phase characterization of tungsten/iron FGM by resistance sintering combined with ultra high pressure D. Qu, Z. Zhou	
11h-11h20	11h20 Coffee Break		
	SESSION B6 – Chair: <i>Eshan Dave</i>	SESSION C6 – Chair: Muneo Yaso	
11h20	Transient thermal fracture analysis of orthotropic functionally graded materials using $J_k$ – integral <u>S. Dag</u> , B. Yildirim	Fabrication and characterization of 4 mm thick tungsten coatings on copper alloy for nuclear fusion reactor applications S.Q. Guo, Y.B. Feng, <u>C.C. Ge</u> , Z.J. Zhou, H.B. Zhou, C. Wang	
11h40	Braided composite rods optimal design assessment <u>C. Gonliho-Pereira</u> , R. Fangueiro, S. Jalali, M. Araújo	Finite element analysis of solid oxide fuel cells with functionally graded electrodes  G. Anandakumar, N. Li, JH. Kim	
12h	Numerical simulation on the impact resistance of functionally graded materials  J. Zhang, M. Zhang, P. Zhai	Functionally graded electroactive poly(vinylidene fluoride) by multilayer spin-coating deposition with controlled crystalline phase content	
12h20-14h	V.F. Cardoso, G. Minas, S. Lanceros-Méndez Lunch		

## BRAIDED COMPOSITE RODS OPTIMAL DESIGN ASSESSMENT

C. Gonilho-Pereira<sup>1</sup>, R. Fangueiro<sup>2</sup>, S. Jalali<sup>1</sup>, M. Araújo<sup>3</sup>

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The concrete construction industry deals every day with the deterioration of concrete structures. Corrosion of steel is one of the most serious problems of concrete structures. Several techniques have been developed to reduce corrosion of steel but none seems to be a suitable solution for the corrosion problem. Therefore, the use of fibre reinforced composite rods as concrete reinforcement material seems to be an effective solution to overcome durability problems of traditional steel reinforced concrete structures. The main advantages of fibre reinforced composite materials over steel include the excellent corrosive resistance, mechanical properties similar to steel, high strength-to-weight ratio and excellent fatigue resistance, among others. Thus, the replacement of steel rebars with fibre reinforced composite rods is gaining popularity worldwide.

Typically, fibre reinforced composite rods are produced by pultrusion, although, besides this technique, fibre reinforced composite rods can also be produced using braiding techniques. Braiding is a conventional textile technique, low cost, that allows in-plane multiaxial orientation, conformability, excellent damage tolerance and core reinforcement. Moreover, allows the production of ribbed structures and a wide range of mechanical properties may be achieved when the braided fabrics core are reinforced with the appropriate type of fibres.

The current work is concerning the development of braided reinforced composite rods for civil engineering applications. The main objective of this research work is the development of a corrosion resistant material for concrete internal reinforcement, in order to overcome the main disadvantage of steel, e. g. corrosion. Moreover, it is intended to produce composite rods with ribbed surface in a single step production process. Thus, using conventional textile techniques, composite rods will be produced with a polymeric matrix reinforced by braided structures with different types of high performance fibres as axial reinforcement.

The research study aims to understand the mechanical behaviour of braided reinforced composite rods produced from an innovative technique. Several types of braided reinforced composite rods were produced, varying the type of fibres used as core reinforcement of a polyester braided fabric. The mechanical properties of the braided reinforced composite rods were evaluated under tensile in order to identify the type(s) of fibre(s) to be used as core reinforcement.

Keywords: Fibres; Optimal design; Composite rod; Concrete.

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